Mean = the average of the data

Median = the 'middle value' in your list. When the totals of the list are odd, the median is the middle entry in the list after sorting the list into increasing order. When the totals of the list are even, the median is equal to the sum of the two middle (after sorting the list into increasing order) numbers divided by two

Range = The difference between the lowest and highest values

Mode = in a list of numbers refers to the list of numbers that occur most frequently

Lower quartile (Q1) : Median of the lower half of the data.

Upper quartile (Q3) : Median of the upper half of the data.